# The Sad Story of Juan and BAK

Juan: Born 3/28/00, Single mom with poorly controlled diabetes

Date: 28-Mar-00 Exam: U/S ABDOMINAL-LIM, PORTABLE IMPRESSION: 1. LARGE THROMBUS OCCUPYING ENTIRE LUMEN OF THE LOWER ABDOMINAL AORTA, WITH SMALL AMOUNT OF FLOW VISIBLE AT LEVEL OF MID-THROMBUS NEAR THE RENAL HILA. 2. INTRAVASCULAR CATHETERS VISUALIZED WITHIN THE ABDOMINAL IVC AND AORTA WITH TIP OF THE AORTIC CATHETER WITHIN THE THROMBUS. NO FLOW DEMONSTRATED IN COMMON ILIAC ARTERIES.

Entire lower half of body was dusky (no flow in lower spinal cord)

1 week of age

Date: 05-Apr-00

Exam: U/S RETROPER-COMP, PORTABLE

IMPRESSION: 1. LEFT KIDNEY SEVERE HYDRONEPHROSIS, QUESTION DUPLICATED COLLECTING SYSTEM. HYDROURETER IS SEEN TO THE URINARY BLADDER.

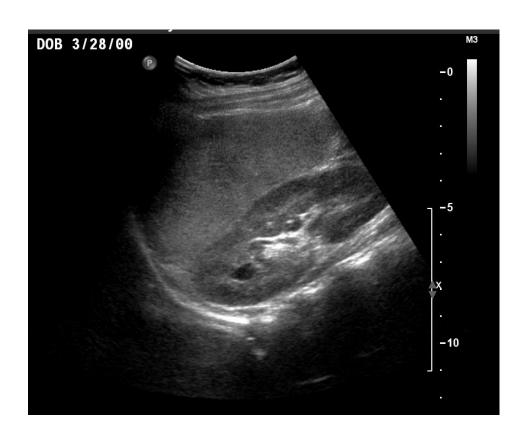
2. THE RIGHT KIDNEY SHOWS INCREASED ECHOGENICITY AT THE CORTICOMEDULLARY JUNCTION WHICH COULD BE RELATED TO POST ISCHEMIC CHANGE VS. NEPHROCALCINOSIS.

5 weeks old-recurrent UTIs Vesicostomy-bladder dome was yellow/necrotic

10 mo-stomal stenosis redo vesicostomy, white scarred bladder

## March 2005 Juan is 5 yo, vesicostomy, no UTIs





Mom insists that something needs to be done. Can't go to school with vesicostomy.



#### Preop Workup:

May 2005: VCUG: Tiny bladder, 4-5/5 B reflux

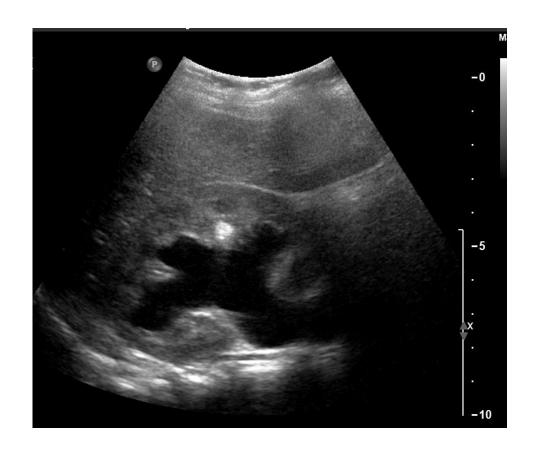


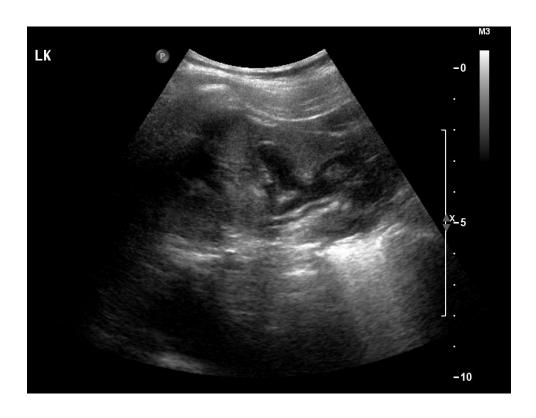
His mother and the remainder of the samily were well aware of how extremely dangerous this was and how multiple revisions would be necessary. They were also counseled actively on numerous occasions that failure to catheterize this reservoir could result in major medical problems including death. After understanding all these issues, the family wished to go shead with the continent urinary reservoir.

Juan is 5 yo: May 2005

- 45 cm of ileum (not ileocecal as no fecal continence).
- 5 cm for ureteral reimplant that was intussuscepted into a W shaped bowel plate.
- Sewn into a sphere
- Appendix reimplanted via extravesical approach into ileum reservoir.
- Covered with omentum.
- Mom to cath

Juan is 5 yo, 7 mo postop. No surgical complications! Irregular catheterization.





First major issue: BAK duped by well meaning, but incapable single mom.

May 2005 (5 yo): Reconstruction Irregular cathing, no cath diaries Waxing and waning hydro

2006 (6 yo): Urodynamic study 385 mL reservoir, good compliance, R 2/5 reflux

7/06 (6 yo): Mom: freq admissions for diabetic ketoacidosis Foster mom: cathing and starting to self cath

Sometimes with foster mom and sometimes with aunt

7/07 (7 yo): Sono: mild B pelviectasis

2/08 (7+ yo): with foster mom, cathing regularly include x1 overnight

Volumes are 100-450mL

Multiple efforts at behavioral, psychological, social worker help

#### 10 yo with somewhat better catheterization





### 10/12/11: Juan is an 11yo in ED for possible UTI



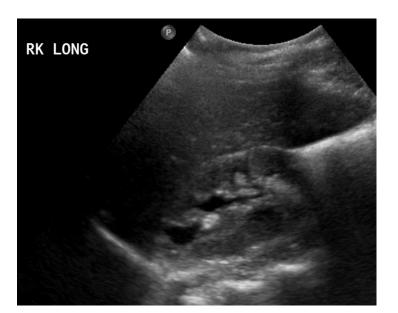


Sono of bladder: 1400mL of echogenic debris!

Improvement p drainage

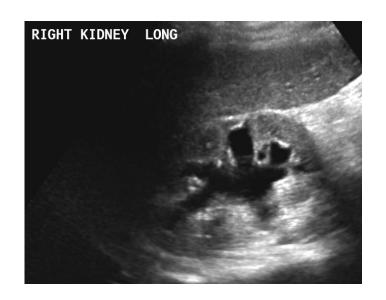
Creat 0.6 mg% p drainage

12 yo





2 mo later





2009: (9 yo) Mom passes away from complications of ketoacidosis Adopted by Aunt. Caths irregularly, volumes up to 700mL

2011 and 2012 (11 and 12 yo)
Multiple ED visits with > 1000 mL in bladder and UTI
CT cystogram, no perforation but L reflux
Creat 0.7mg% p drainage

10/29/12 (12 yo)

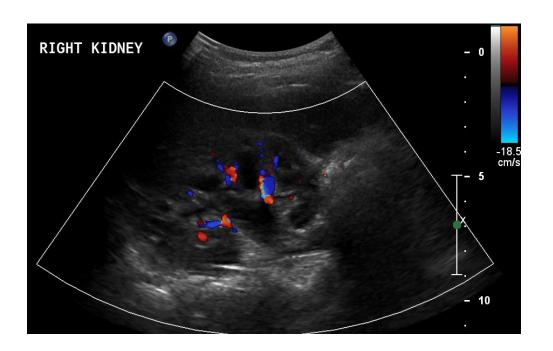
Family agrees to incontinent diversion.

Dissected the afferent limb of the reconstruction and brought it to skin as ileal conduit.

(left reservoir with continent stoma for future use when he is more mature).

2<sup>nd</sup> major BAK error: Surgery cannot fix a psychological problem.

3<sup>rd</sup> major BAK error: Leaving continent reservoir in unreliable patient

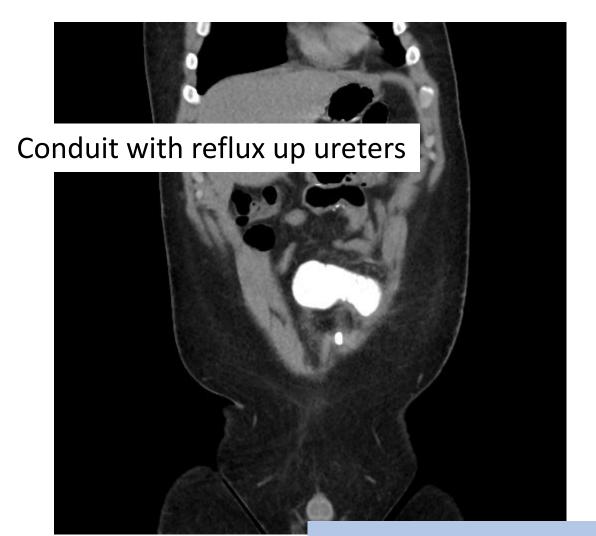


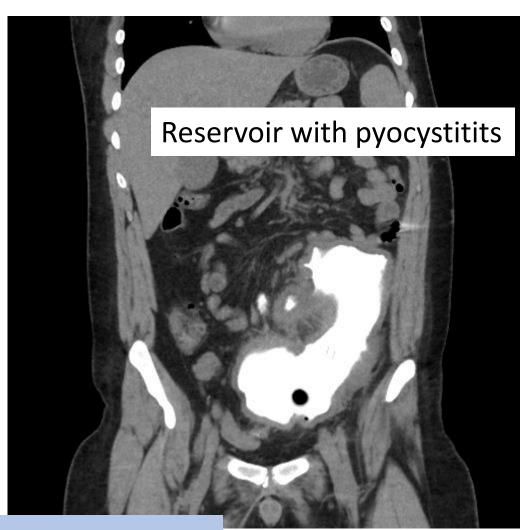


After conduit: Kidneys much better,

but.....he keeps pulling his appliance off......

### 2018: 18 yo fevers, pyocystitis of previous neobladder!!





Solution: Send to your partner

#### **Lessons Learned**

Don't try to fix a psychological problem with an operation.

Behavioral issues trump technical success.

Use your brain, not your heart.