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Introduction

- Mirena® intra-uterine device (IUD) is a progestinanalog-secreting device
- Pregnancy rate with the Mirena device = ~0.2% (Trussell et al. 2011, Contraception)
- When pregnancy occurs despite IUD, device removal is advised due to increased maternal pregnancy risks (Brahmi et al. 2012, Contraception)
- Fetal consequences of retained Mirena are unknown



Patient #1: AR

- Presented at 4mo
- 46,XX
- Term healthy pregnancy
- PMH: right MCDK
- Exam:
 - Urogenital sinus with fused labia
 - Normal sized clitoris
 - Long perineal body
 - Normal anus location



Patient #1: AR

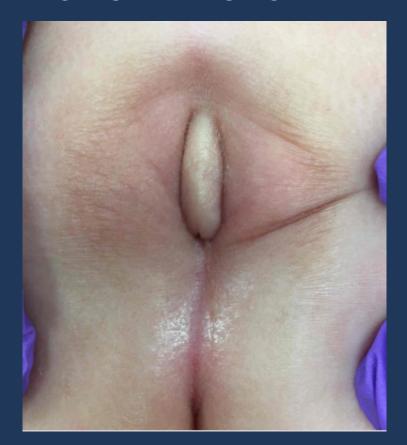
- Presented at 4mo
- 46,XX
- Term healthy pregnancy
- PMH: right MCDK
- Exam:
 - Urogenital sinus with fused labia
 - Normal sized clitoris
 - Long perineal body
 - Normal anus location

Patient #2: AMC

- Presented at 4mo
- 46,XX
- Term healthy pregnancy
- PMH: none
- Exam:
 - Urogenital sinus with fused labia
 - Mildly enlarged clitoris
 - Long perineal body
 - Normal anus location



Patient 2 exam







EUA, cystoscopy, vaginoscopy, genitogram

- Performed at 4-7 months
- Urogenital sinus
- Common channel length 1-1.5cm
- Normal urethra and bladder
- Normal vagina and cervix
- Normal cystogram and genitogram



Vaginoplasty





- Performed at 9mo for patient #1 and 2yr for patient #2
- Flap vaginoplasty
- Both patients discharged POD1



Follow up

Both patients were doing well at short term follow up



Conclusion and discussion

- Two similar presentations of genital virilization associated with retained Mirena device during pregnancy
- Flap vaginoplasty has good short term results
- Consistent with reports of virilization associated with high dose progestin use during pregnancy
- Mechanism of action of progestin's role during pregnancy remains unclear
- True incidence unclear. Longer follow up, larger series needed





Thank You